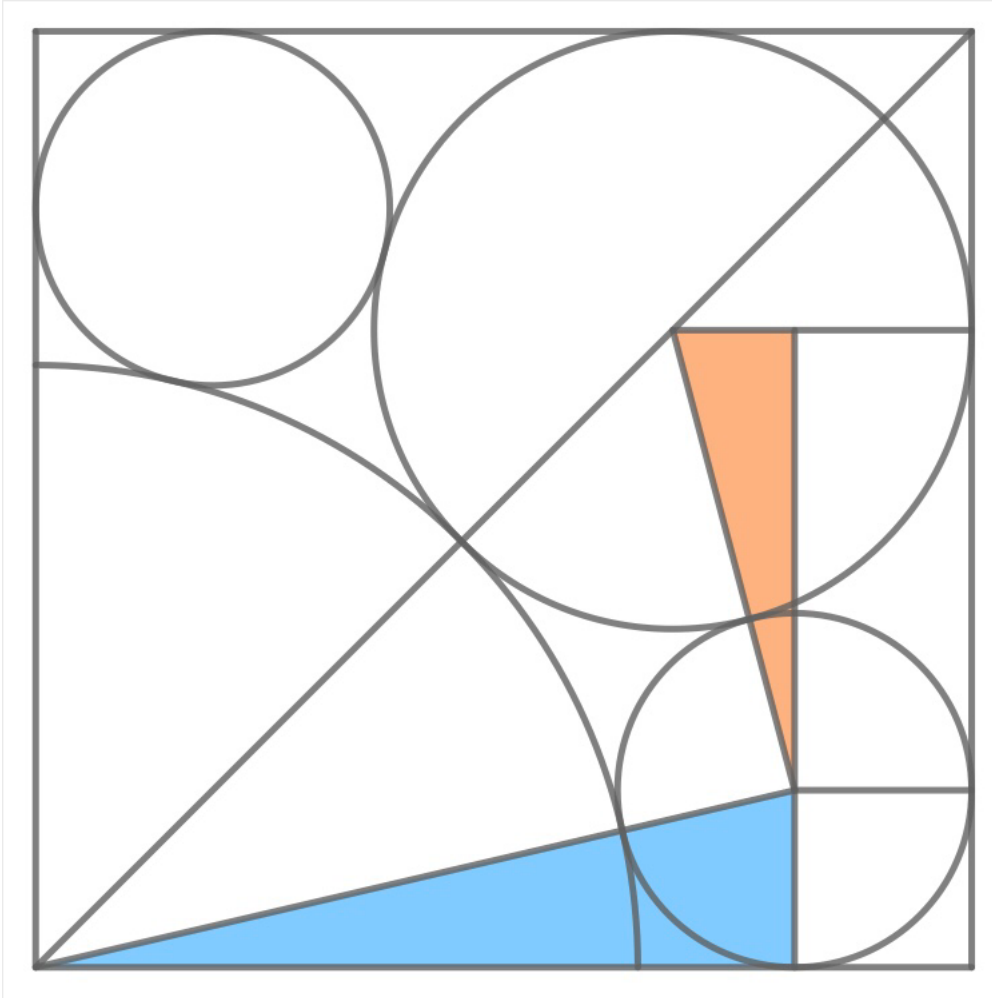


令和4年7月の問題 - No.1



原図は上下左右対称のため、右上 $\frac{1}{4}$ のみを図示する
(対角線, 橙色と青色の直角三角形を追記)

各円の半径を以下とする (乙円 < 甲円 < 丙円)

$$\text{(甲円の半径)} = r \quad (r > 0)$$

$$\text{(乙円の半径)} = ar \quad (0 < a < 1)$$

$$\text{(丙円の半径)} = br \quad (b > 1)$$

原図にて (正方形の $\frac{1}{2}$ 辺) = c とすると

図示より (対角線) = $(1 + b + \sqrt{2})r$ から

$$c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1 + b + \sqrt{2})r$$

橙色の直角三角形に三平方の定理を用いると

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1+b) - a \right\}^2 r^2 + (1-a)^2 r^2 = (1+a)^2 r^2$$

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1+b) - a \right\}^2 = 4a \quad (r > 0)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1+b) - a = \pm 2\sqrt{a}$$

(左辺) = $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1+b) - a > \sqrt{2} - 1 > 0$ から

$$b = \sqrt{2}a + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} - 1$$

記述を簡素化するため, $\sqrt{a} = x$ とし

$$b = \sqrt{2}x^2 + 2\sqrt{2}x - 1 \quad (0 < x < 1)$$

水色の直角三角形に三平方の定理を用いると

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1+b+\sqrt{2}) - a \right\}^2 r^2 + a^2 r^2 = (a+b)^2 r^2$$

$\sqrt{a} = x$, $b = \sqrt{2}x^2 + 2\sqrt{2}x - 1$ を代入し

$$2(1+\sqrt{2})x^4 + 4\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{2})x^3 + 2(1-\sqrt{2})x^2 - 4(1+\sqrt{2})x = 0$$

因数分解し解くと

$$2(1+\sqrt{2})x(x+1)\{x^2 - (1-2\sqrt{2})x - 2\} = 0$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{(1-2\sqrt{2}) + \sqrt{17-4\sqrt{2}}}{2} \quad (0 < x < 1)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(\text{乙円の半径}) &= ar = x^2 r \\
&= \frac{(13 - 4\sqrt{2}) + (1 - 2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{17 - 4\sqrt{2}}}{2} r \\
&= (0.5925 \dots) r \\
&\cong 0.6 r
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(\text{丙円の半径}) &= br = (\sqrt{2}x^2 + 2\sqrt{2}x - 1)r \\
&= \frac{(-18 + 15\sqrt{2}) - (4 - 3\sqrt{2})\sqrt{17 - 4\sqrt{2}}}{2} r \\
&= (2.0152 \dots) r \\
&\cong 2.0 r
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(\text{正方形の } \frac{1}{2} \text{ 辺}) &= c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1 + b + \sqrt{2})r \\
&= \frac{(17 - 8\sqrt{2}) + (3 - 2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{17 - 4\sqrt{2}}}{2} r \\
&= (3.1320 \dots) r \\
&\cong 3.1 r
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(\text{正方形の 1 辺}) &= 2c \\
&= \{(17 - 8\sqrt{2}) + (3 - 2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{17 - 4\sqrt{2}}\} r \\
&= (6.2641 \dots) r \\
&\cong 6.3 r
\end{aligned}$$

答え

(甲円径) = 1 寸 のとき

$$(乙円径) = \frac{(13-4\sqrt{2})+(1-2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{17-4\sqrt{2}}}{2} \cong 0.6 \text{ 寸}$$

$$(丙円径) = \frac{(-18+15\sqrt{2})-(4-3\sqrt{2})\sqrt{17-4\sqrt{2}}}{2} \cong 2.0 \text{ 寸}$$

$$(正方形) = \{(17 - 8\sqrt{2}) + (3 - 2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{17 - 4\sqrt{2}}\} \cong 6.3 \text{ 寸}$$